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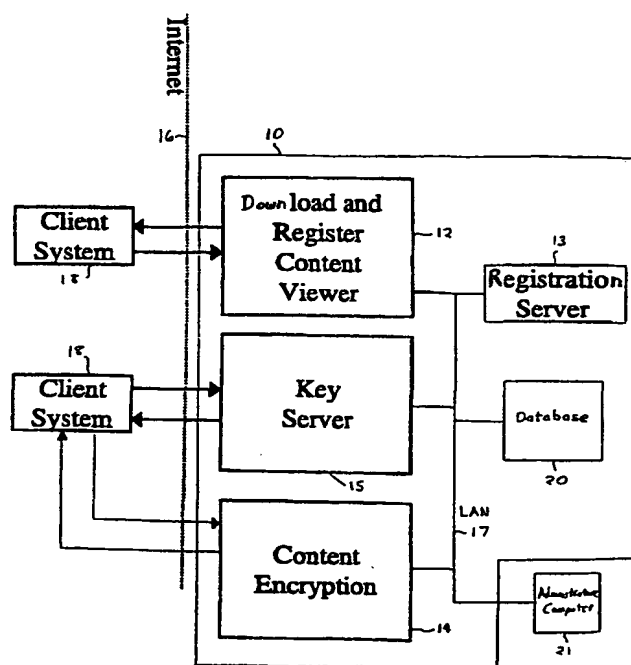
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(54) Title: SYSTEM FOR PROTECTING INFORMATION OVER THE INTERNET



(57) Abstract: A system (10) for protecting information over the Internet (16), or other public network, is provided at a web site addressable by one or more client computer systems (18). Each client computer system connects to the web site to receive a respondent identifier and viewer software. A unique viewer identifier is generated by the viewer software at the client computer system (18) and sent to the web site for registering the viewer identifier with the respondent identifier. The web site has a database (20) and one or more web servers (12, 13, 14, 15) coupled to the database. The database (20) stores registration information including the viewer identifier and associated respondent identifiers for the client computer systems (18), encrypted content information files and keys to decrypt such files, survey invitation information for each of the surveys, and exposure limit information. In response to receiving a survey in accordance with an invitation, the client computer system (18) enables the content viewer to connect to the web site of the content protection system (10) and download a file with the encrypted content information for that survey. The viewer software then sends a request to the content protection system (10) for a key to decrypt the downloaded content information file. The content protection system (10) determines, based on the respondent, viewer and survey identifiers and associated exposure limit information, whether to send a decryption

key. If so, a decryption key is sent to the client computer system (18) and the viewer uses the key to decrypt the encrypted content information file, and then opens a viewer window to show the decrypted content information on the display of the computer system (18). During viewing on the computer system (18), the viewer limits access to the window showing the displayed content information which would typically allow the user to access information and enable copying.

SYSTEM FOR PROTECTING INFORMATION OVER THE INTERNET

Description

5 This application claims the benefit of priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application
No. 60/146,691, filed August 2, 1999, which is herein incorporated by reference.

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a system (and method) for protecting information over the Internet or other public networks, and relates particularly to, a system for protecting the viewing of information at a computer system which is connected over the Internet to the system. The invention is especially suitable for conducting surveys over the Internet via a computer in which part of the survey viewed on the display of the computer must be protected from unauthorized viewing and copying. The invention may also be applied to any other application where viewing of information at a computer requires authorization and protection from copying, where rights to limited viewing of the information are received via the Internet. Viewing is generally defined herein as displaying graphics, text, video, or other information with any accompanying audio.

20 Background of the Invention

Conventionally, surveys or polls are a series of questions on a form presented to individuals, called voters, to sample the views of people in a given region or country for political, commercial or entertainment purposes. Surveys are typically conducted either in person, mail, or via telephone to a great number of individual voters. With the development of the Internet and its growing widespread use, surveys can now be taken by persons at their computer. For example, a system for conducting surveys over the Internet are described in U.S. Patent Application 09/243,064, filed February 2, 1999, and International Patent Application No. PCT/US00/02623, filed February 2, 2000. Often surveys are used to test concepts, such as the packaging of a new food product, before companies make an investment in the product or to determine the best way to advertise the product. It is important in concept test surveys that the information used to convey the content of the concept be prevented from view by competitors who could use the information to the disadvantage of the company supporting the survey. This is easy in conventional surveys where the viewed information is provided in a protected environment of in-person polling. However, in surveys conducted over the Internet, the environment of the typical web browser

computer using a plurality of identifiers before the client computer can receive a key to decrypt the content file.

5 A further feature of the present invention is to provide an improved system for protecting information in which a computer receiving a content file has focus control to protect displayed information from the content file from being readily accessed and thereby copied.

Briefly described, the content protection system embodying the present invention includes a web site addressable by one or more client computer systems for connecting to the content protection system over the Internet or other public network. Each client computer
10 system connects to the web site and receives a respondent identifier and viewer software. When the viewer software is installed at the client computer system, it generates a unique viewer identifier identifying the client computer system. The viewer identifier is sent to the web site for registering the viewer identifier with the respondent identifier. The web site has a database and one or more web servers coupled to the database. The database stores
15 registration information including the viewer identifier and associated respondent identifiers for the client computer systems, encrypted content information files and keys to decrypt such files, survey invitation information for each of the surveys, and exposure limit information to determine whether content information can be viewed by a client computer system. Based on the survey invitation information, if the user of the client computer system has been selected
20 to participate in a survey, the client computer system receives an E-mail invitation to participate including a unique survey identifier associated with the survey and the respondent identifier of the client computer system. The survey may represent any program which requires content information to be viewed in a secure environment. In response to receiving a survey, in accordance with the E-mail invitation, from the web site, or another web site, the
25 client computer system enables the content viewer to connect to the web site of the content protection system and download a file with the encrypted content information for that survey. The downloaded file has no associated information regarding usage of the file by the client computer system. The encrypted content information is identified by a unique content identifier. The encrypted file may alternatively be provided from another source on the client
30 computer system, such as a disk or CDROM. The viewer software sends a request to the content protection system for a key to decrypt the downloaded content information file, and includes in the request the respondent, viewer, survey, and content identifiers. The content protection system determines whether the respondent, viewer and survey identifiers match corresponding identifiers of the participants invited to take the survey stored in the database

Detailed Description of the Invention

Referring to FIG. 1, the system 10 of the present invention is shown having multiple web servers 12, 13, 14, and 15 at a web site which are capable of establishing a network connection over the Internet 16 or other public network with one or more client computer systems 18. Client computer system 18 represents a desktop, laptop, WebTV, or other computer system having typical web browser software, such as Microsoft Explorer or NetScape Navigator, and network interface, such as a modem, or T1/T2 data line to an Internet Service Provider, for communicating to web sites at Internet addresses associated with such sites. The web servers 12-15 are connected to a LAN 17 and have access to database 20. The Download and Register Content Viewer server 12 is coupled to the Internet 16 and has an Internet address or URL enabling a user at client computer system 18 to connect to the web server 12 and download a file referred to as content viewer software. The Registration server 13 updates and maintains registration information in the database 20 identifying the client computer system and installed content viewer software at the client computer system. The Content Encryption server 14 provides for assigning a unique identifier to each content file representing information, such as an image, text, video, audio, or animation, encrypting the content file, determining a decryption key for the encrypted content file, and storing the content file at a URL on the server 14 or another web site on the Internet. The server 14 also allows a client computer system 18 to receive an encrypted content file at the URL associated with the file. The Key server 15 has a URL addressable by the viewer software installed at the client computer system 18 to request the decryption key associated with a downloaded encrypted file. The database 20 stores in addition to registration information and information about each encrypted content file, exposure limit information on the rules regarding when the content may be viewed and how many times the content may be viewed at a client computer system, and survey and invitation information defining the survey requiring viewing of content files and the participants (registered client computer systems) selected for each survey, as will be described later in connection to FIG. 3. The database 20 may be stored in memory, such as the hard drive or RAM, of a computer or another server, or may be contained in memory of one of servers 12-15.

One or more administrative computers represented by computer 21 can be coupled to LAN 17. The administrative computer 21 can send content files to the content encryption server 14 for encryption, and update the database with regards to the survey, invitation information and exposure limit information.

The SurveyContent table 24 has two data fields, SurveyID and ContentID. Each record in the SurveyContent table links a particular survey having the SurveyID to an encrypted content file having the ContentID. The Exposure Limit Table 25 has records with the following data fields: ContentID; SurveyID; EndDate, the last date which the encrypted file associated with the ContentID of the record can be viewed; EndHour, the time (hour and minute) on the EndDate when the encrypted file associated with the ContentID of the record can no longer be viewed; StartDate, the first date which the encrypted file of the ContentID of the record can be viewed; StartHour, the time (hour and minute) on the StartDate when the encrypted file associated with the ContentID of the record can be viewed; and No Viewing, a number indicating the number of times the encrypted file associated with the ContentID can be viewed by a client computer system. The View Content table 26 has records with the following data fields: ContentID; SurveyID; RespondentID; and Count, the number of times the client computer system associated with the RespondentID has viewed the content file associated with the ContentID for the survey associated with the SurveyID of this record. The Survey table 27 has three data fields: SurveyID; SurveyURL, the network address of the survey at the survey server; and SurveyName, the name of the survey. The Content table 28 has records with the following data fields: ContentID; ContentName, the name of the encrypted content file associated with the ContentID of this record; and Unlocking Key, the decryption key associated with the encrypted content file associated with the ContentID of this record; ContentURL, the network address where the encrypted content file of the ContentID of this record can be accessed. The Invitation Table 29 has records with the following data fields: RespondentID; SurveyID; ViewerID; Survey Complete, the date and time when the survey associated with the SurveyID was completed at the client computer system having the RespondentID and associated ViewerID; and Survey Start, the date and time when the survey associated with the SurveyID was started at the client computer system having the RespondentID for the associated viewer software ViewerID. The Respondent Table 30 has records with the following data fields: RespondentID; ViewerID associated with the RespondentID; and E-mail, the E-mail address of the RespondentID. In the example of tables 25-30 shown in FIG. 3, each of the types of different data fields are indicated by "I" for an integer number, "D" for date, "T" for time, "VA" for variable alphanumeric followed by a number indicating the maximum character length, and "A32", for a fixed length alphanumeric of 32 characters. The database tables 25-30 will further be described in connection with FIGS. 5 and 7.

content viewer software, the content control system 10 sends from server 12 to the client computer system of a user an E-mail invitation to participate in a survey in the future with the URL of the server 12 (step 38), as shown in FIG. 5. Each E-mail invitation contains a RespondentID. The URL of server 12 enables the web browser of the client computer system 18 to link to a page at server 12 which enables the user to send a request to download of the content viewer software (step 39). This request includes the RespondentID received via the E-mail Invitation. In response to receiving the request, server 12 sends the content viewer program with an installation program (step 40). The client computer system 18 receives the content viewer and installation software, and the installation program of the viewer is manually executed by the user at the client computer system 18 to install the viewer in memory of the computer, such that it can be called when needed by a survey received from the survey server 22 (step 41). The installation program registers the content viewer in the Windows registry of the client computer system with a specific application type so a file with the same extension can invoke the viewer. The registration process generates a unique ViewerID to identify the client computer system 18, such as described below. After installation of the viewer, the E-mail invitation asks the client computer user to register the content viewer with server 12 by browsing to a URL, or via a dialog box which appear at the end of the viewer installation, to complete the registration. By connecting to this URL, the ViewerID is sent to server 12 to be stored (registered) in a record of the Respondent table 30 of the database with the RespondentID received in the E-mail invitation (step 42). The user is also asked during registration for their E-mail address and any other information to be stored in this record.

The ViewerID may be generated by a call to the Win32 system API CoCreateGUID. The ViewerID is generated to uniquely identify the client computer system 18, and may be based on: the current date and time, a clock sequence and related persistent state to deal with retrograde motion of clocks, a forcibly incremented counter to deal with high-frequency allocations, and the truly globally unique IEEE machine identifier, obtained from a network card, or other highly variable machine states. Thus, the registration process now ties together, in Respondent table 30 of database 20, the user's original E-mail address, the RespondentID sent to the user at the start of the registration process, and the ViewerID generated during viewer installation. If the user changes his E-mail address, the user must re-register his copy of the viewer, as described above.

Referring to FIG. 6, the client computer system 18 and installed content viewer software 44 is shown. The client computer system 18 operates on the window operating

the user through regular mail or other advertising media. The invitation contains a network address of the survey server which references the SurveyID of the survey. In the case where an E-mail invitation is used, the address may be in an embedded hyperlink upon which the user clicks upon to contact the survey server and receive the HTML page with the survey.

- 5 The RespondentID may be embedded as a parameter in the URL, or the opening dialog box of the survey may request it from the user. (The RespondentID may have been given to the user, such as by display to the user, at the earlier described registration process). Upon receipt of the survey, the web browser of the client computer system operates in accordance with the HTML code of the survey to enable the viewer, which then sends a request to the
- 10 web site of the content protection system for the encrypted files based upon the SurveyID (step 57). In response, the content protection system, such as server 14, queries for all records of the SurveyContent table having the SurveyID and locates the ContentID associated with the SurveyID. In addition, the SurveyStart field of the record of the Invitation table for the RespondentID is updated with the current date and time to show that the survey has
- 15 commenced. The record of the Content table having the ContentID is then accessed to locate the URL where the encrypted content information file will be found. This URL points to a file which contains the location of the encrypted content. This encrypted content file is then downloaded from this URL address to the client computer system, via the content viewer, at the client computer system (step 58). If multiple records were located in the Content table for
- 20 the SurveyID, each encrypted content file is separately downloaded to the client computer system immediately prior to processing.

After receiving the downloaded file, the HTML code for the survey (or the content viewer) operates the viewer to send a request, via the Internet, to the Key server 15 (FIG. 1) for the decryption key for the downloaded file (step 59). The request includes the

25 RespondentID and ViewerID which was stored with the viewer when installed, the SurveyID of the survey, and the ContentID of the encrypted content file.

At steps 60-61, the Key server 15 receives, via the Internet 16, the request from the client computer system 18, and sends the decryption key from the record of the Content table 28 having the ContentID to the client computer system requesting the key if the Key server:

30 1) can locate the RespondentID, SurveyID and ViewerID of the request in the same record of the Invitation table 29;

2) the current date and time is within the specified time period, i.e., date and time range (StartDate, StartHour, and EndDate, EndHour), of the record of the Exposure Limit table 25 for the ContentID and SurveyID of the request;

notice or other message. Play of display resumes when the viewer again receives focus, such as by the user clicking, via the mouse, on the viewer window.

After viewing is completed, the user can close the viewer window and proceed to answer the questions of the survey. The user submits the answers by clicking on a button on the survey page, which sends the answers to the survey server and a message to the content protection system, i.e., Key server, that the survey was completed with the RespondentID, SurveyID and ViewerID. The survey complete field of the record in the Invitation table 29 having the RespondentID, SurveyID and ViewerID is updated with the date and time the message was received.

Upon receiving a survey invitation, if the client computer system 18 cannot call the content viewer software (since it has not been installed), the HTML code of the survey will not operate. The Key server 15 will allow the installation and registration of the content viewer. However, the client computer system 18 will still not decrypt the content for this particular survey, since there will be no corresponding record in the Invitation table of database 20. Once registered, the client computer system 18 may receive future invitations to participate in surveys with protected content that the user will be able to complete successfully.

In this manner, user interaction with the client computer system 18, via its user interface, is limited during display by the viewer to prevent access to the decrypted content file, and thereby possibly unauthorized electronic copying or printing. As the focus control limits access, no specific usage control information, defining how the content file may be used at the client computer, need be associated or attached with each content file in the client computer system, as in complex prior art distribution systems for digital works. Thus, the content file is not transmitted to the client computer system 18 with usage control information.

The data structures of the tables of the database 20 described above are exemplary. Other data structures may be used with different tables for storing the information described therein.

From the foregoing description, it will be apparent that an improved system for protecting information over the Internet has been provided. Variations and modifications of the herein described system and other applications for the invention will undoubtedly suggest themselves to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, the foregoing description should be taken as illustrative and not in a limiting sense.

5. The system according to Claim 2 wherein said key sending means only send said key to said second computer system a certain number of times.

6. The system according to Claim 1 wherein said display enabling means at said second computer systems is provided by viewer software installed at the second computer system, and said registering means is enabled when said viewer software is installed.

7. The system according to Claim 1 wherein said sending means, and display enabling means are enabled by viewer software installed at the second computer system.

8. The system according to Claim 7 wherein said viewer software is automatically executed in response to executing a program received by said second computer system via the network.

9. The system according to Claim 1 wherein said second computer systems have a display, and said display enabling means provides for playing said content information in a window on the display.

10. The system according to Claim 9 wherein said display enabling means disables playing of said content information in said window when the user of the second computer system selects another window on the display.

11. The system according to Claim 10 wherein said display enabling means places a protection image in the window when said playing of said content information in said window is disabled.

12. The system according to Claim 1 wherein said first computer system comprises one or more server computers and a database coupled to at least one of said server computers containing at least information defining the registered second computers.

13. The system according to Claim 1 wherein said second computer systems each have means for interfacing to said network and capable of connecting to said first computer system at one or more network addresses.

computer system to operate responsive to the user of the second computer system to prevent copying of the content information when said received content information is being displayed.

18. The method according to Claim 17 wherein said content information sent to said one of said registered second computer systems is encrypted, said method further comprising the steps of:

requesting at said second computer system a key from said first computer system for decrypting said received encrypted content information;

sending from said first computer system a key to decrypt the encrypted content information to the second computer system which requested the key; and

decrypting at the second computer system the encrypted content information in accordance with the received key, in which said second computer system when displaying the decrypted content information ignores signals from the user interface capable of enabling access to the decrypted content information.

19. The method according to Claim 18 further comprising the step of selecting one or more of said registered second computer systems to display the content information, and said key sending step only sends said key to the preselected second computer systems which requested the key.

20. A method for conducting a survey at a computer connected to the Internet comprising the steps of:

sending a survey to the computer via the Internet which references a network address to obtain a file for said survey;

downloading said file from said network address in which said file is encrypted;

requesting a key to decrypt said encrypted file from a network address where said key is available;

receiving a key at the computer when said computer is associated with a participant selected to take said survey; and

decrypting the file in accordance with said key and playing the decrypted file as part of the survey.

21. The method according to Claim 20 further comprising the steps of:

each of said computer systems having a display and a user interface in which, when said file is played, signals from the user interface at the second computer system are ignored which enable access to the decrypted file, and when another window is selected than the window displaying the decrypted file, disables the playing of the decrypted file.

27. An Internet web site for supporting concept surveys which are capable of connecting to one or more client computer systems comprising:

one or more computer servers capable of connecting to the Internet in which said client computer system are registered with said web site; and

a database coupled to one or more of said servers which stores encrypted information files representing parts of one or more surveys and their associated keys, in which said web site is capable of sending said encrypted information file to registered client computer systems for carrying out a survey received by said client computer systems, and sending a key to decrypt an encrypted information file to one of said registered second computer system when said second computer system is authorized to receive the key to enable the client computer system to play the information file as part of the survey.

28. A system for protecting over the Internet viewed information received by one of a plurality of computer systems as part of a survey, said system comprising:

a web site connectable to each of the computer system in which said web site has a database storing encrypted content information and keys to decrypt the content information;

means for providing to each of the computer system from the web site a first identifier associated with a viewer;

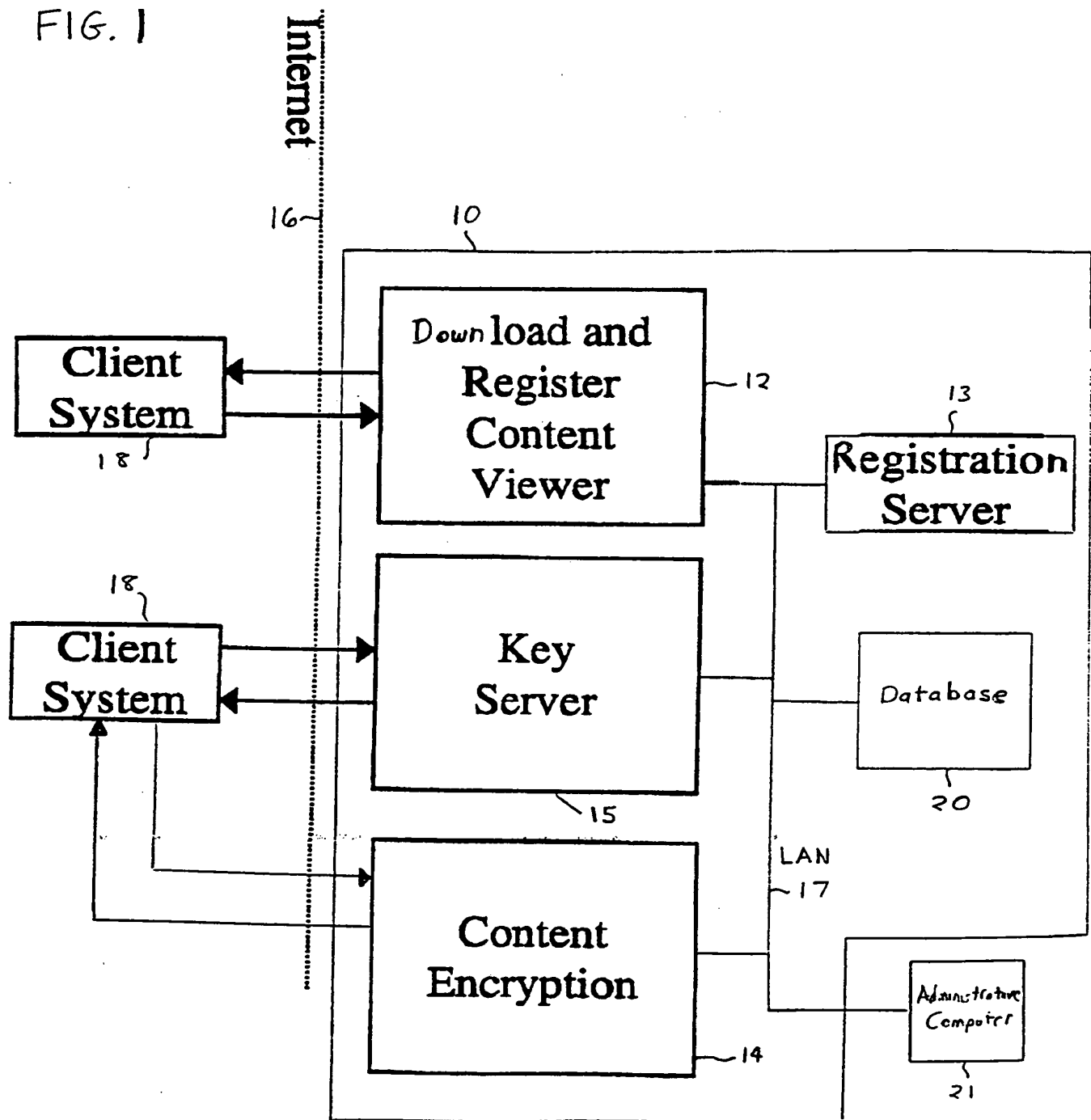
means for registering each of the computer systems with the web site based on the first identifier provided from the web site and a second identifier uniquely identifying the computer system and storing in said database said first identifier in association with said second identifier;

means for inviting participants to take the survey associated with a unique third identifier in which said participants represent one or more of the registered computer systems;

means for providing to one of the computer system a file containing encrypted content information having a unique fourth identifier;

means at each of the computer system for receiving the survey and receiving the encrypted content information from the web site associated with the survey;

FIG. 1



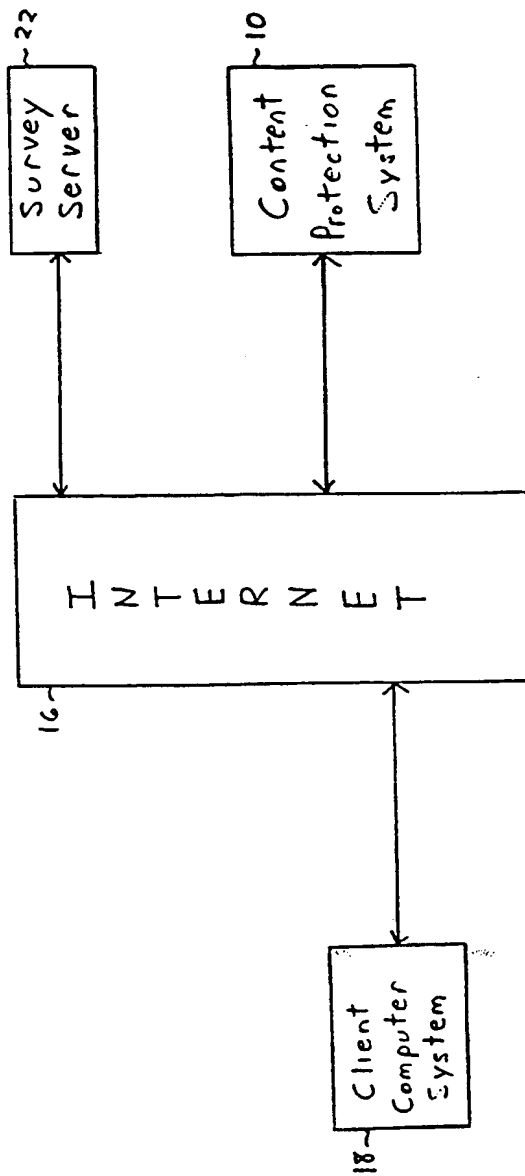


FIG. 2

FIG. 3

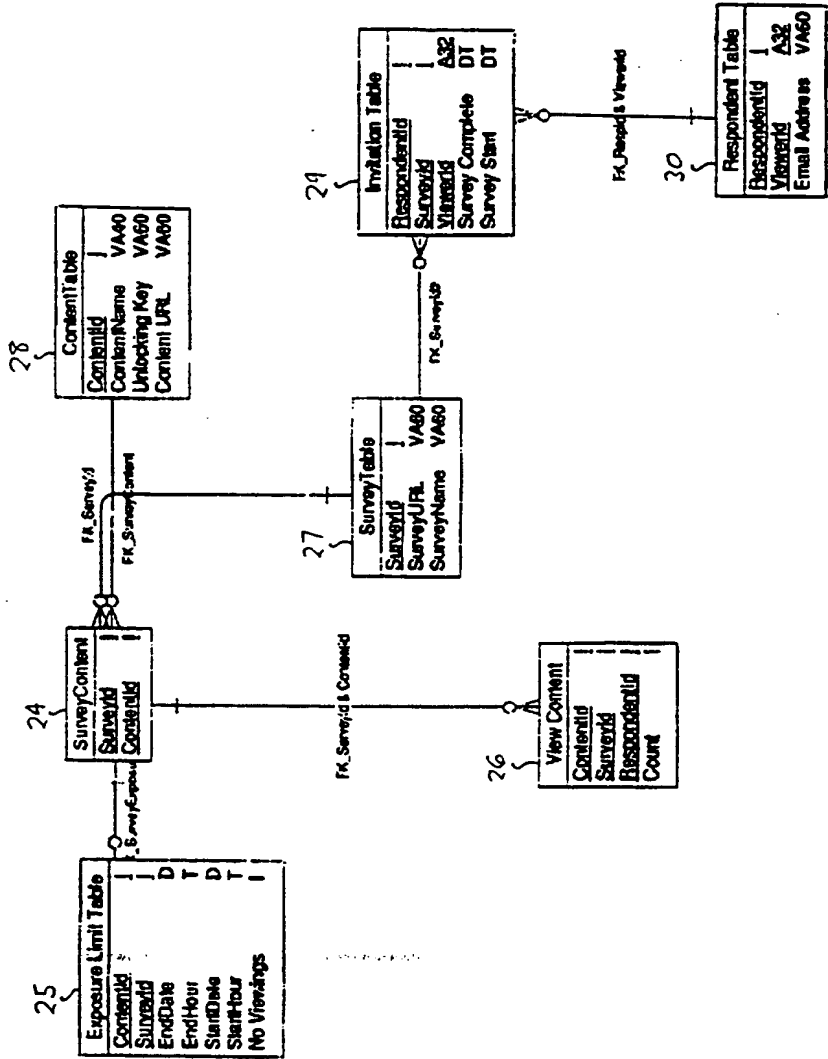


FIG. 4

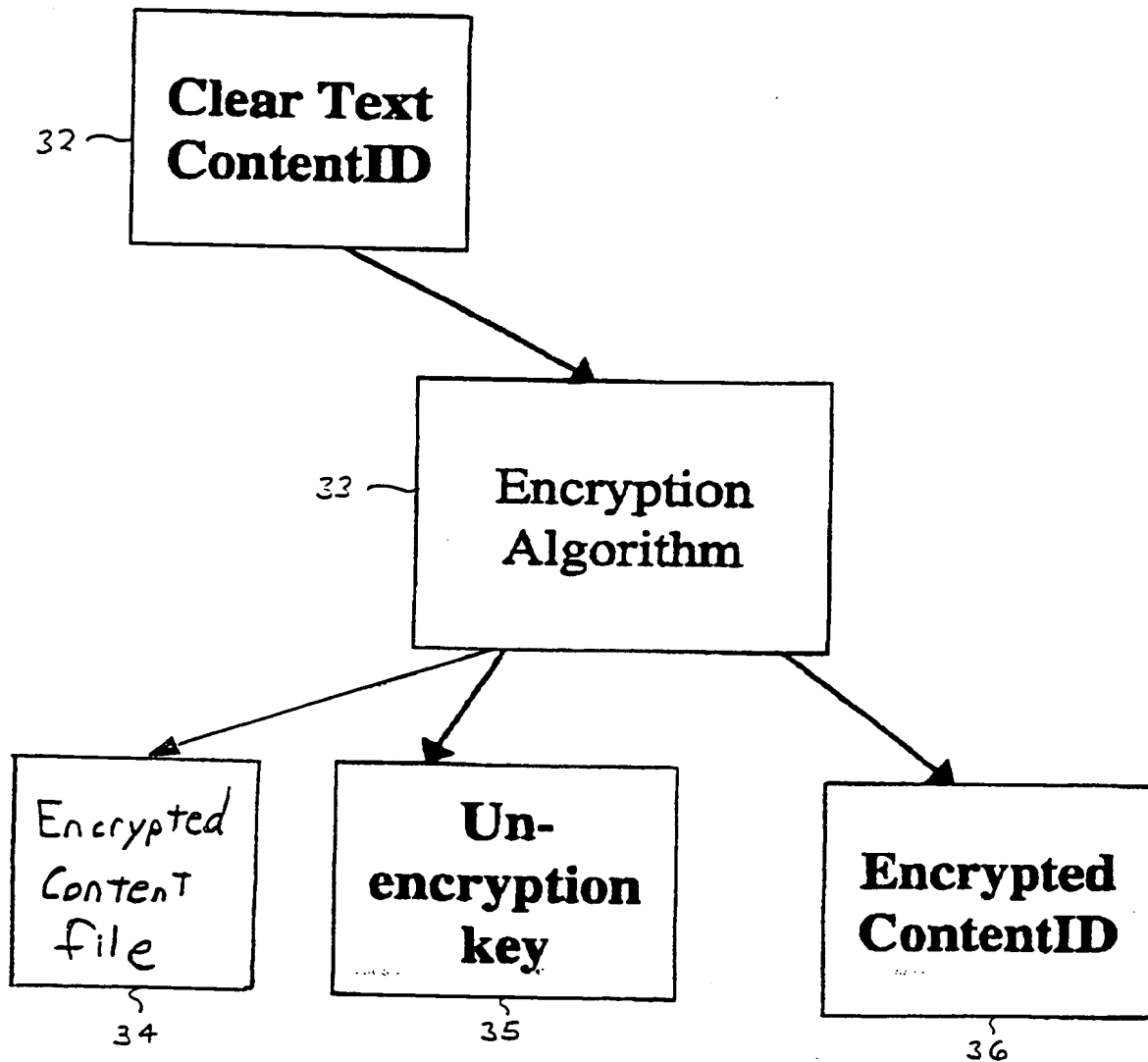
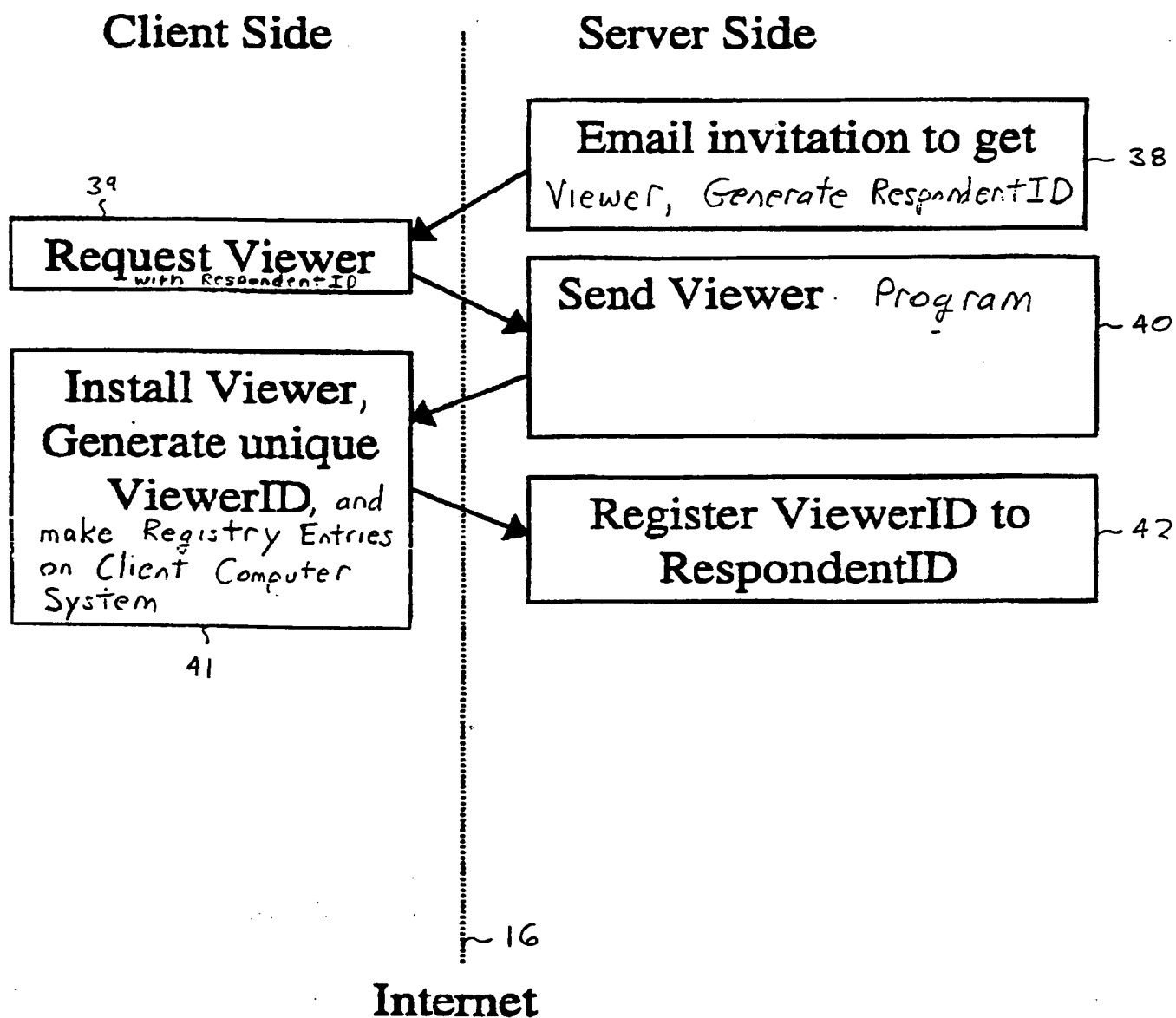


FIG. 5

Download and Register Viewer



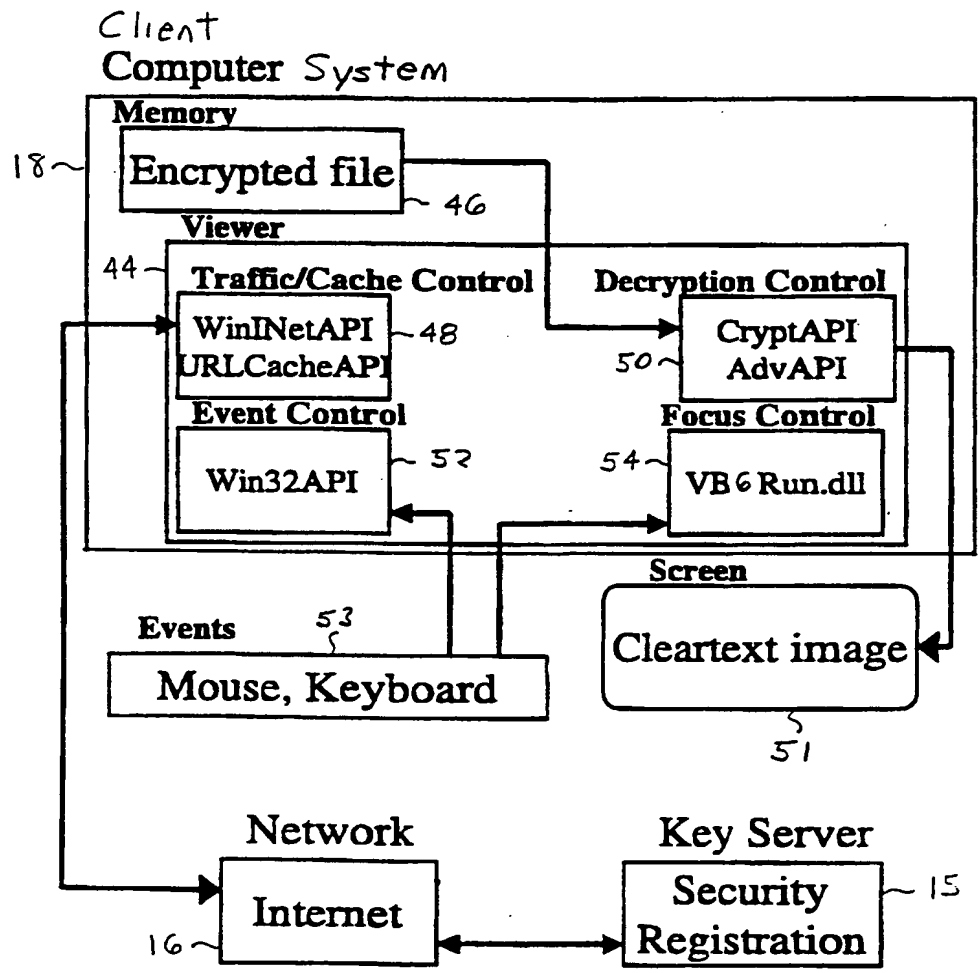
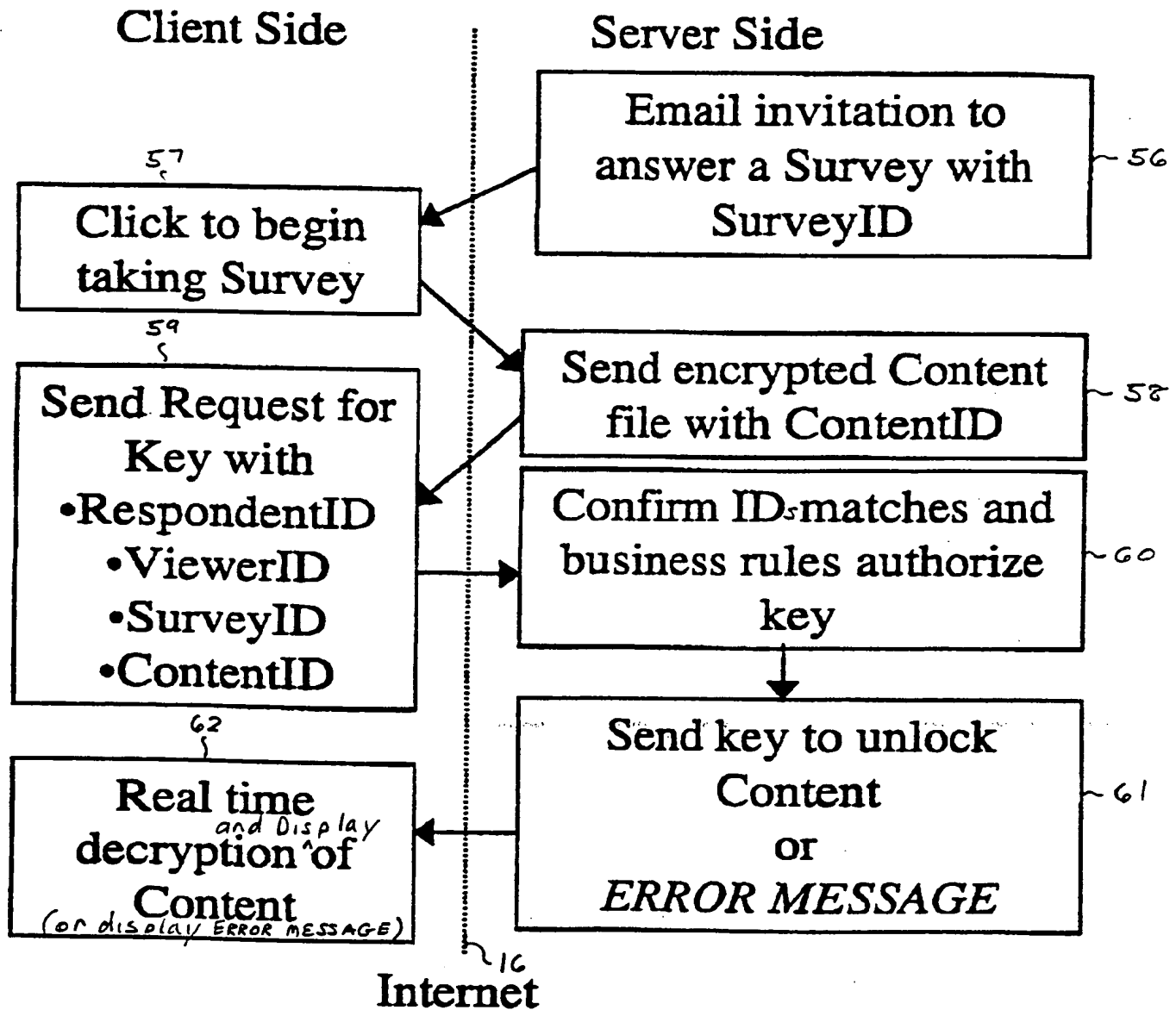


FIG. 6

FIG. 7

Survey Participation



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US00/20963

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) :G06F 01/24

US CL :380/255, 277, 281, 28, 30; 713/171, 182, 184

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 380/255, 277, 281, 28, 30; 713/171, 182, 184

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

West

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 6,134,661 A (TOPP) 17 OCTOBER 2000, col. 4, lines 14-22, col. 4, lines 37-47, col. 5, lines 1-12.	1-28



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
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P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

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